

## Data Repository Item 2003067

TABLE DR1. EVIDENCE OF MAXIMUM MISSOULA FLOOD STAGES BETWEEN ARLINGTON AND PORTLAND, OREGON.

Site No. (Fig. 1b)	Latitude (degrees north)	Longitude (degrees south)	Altitude (meters above sea level)	Feature	Reference	Comments
1	45 41' 17"	120 23' 30"	341	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp in loess and colluvium
2	45 43' 38"	120 23' 25"	335	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp in loess and colluvium
3	45 41' 18"	120 25' 15"	341	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp in loess and colluvium
4	45 43' 12"	120 26' 14"	347	Divide not crossed	This study	
5	45 41' 50"	120 30' 00"	347	Divide not crossed	This study	Between Columbia and John Day River valleys
6	45 42' 28"	120 32' 10"	311	Crossed divide	This study	Between Columbia and John Day River valleys
7	45 44' 06"	120 32' 25"	360	Divide not crossed	This study	Between Columbia and John Day River valleys
8	45 43' 10"	120 37' 10"	360	Divide not crossed	This study	Between Columbia and John Day River valleys
9	45 41' 12"	120 43' 40"	293	Eroded CRBG basalt	This study	Loess cover eroded off of high bench
10	45 40' 30"	120 44' 43"	321	Non-flooded area	This study	Preserved residual soils and loess
11	45 40' 54"	120 44' 56"	345	Non-flooded area	This study	Preserved residual soils and loess
12	45 40' 24"	120 53' 05"	311	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp in loess and colluvium
13	45 37' 51"	120 53' 05"	323	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp in loess and colluvium
14	45 39' 52"	120 55' 10"	341	Divide not crossed	This study	
15	45 37' 45"	120 55' 50"	287	Eroded Tertiary sediment	This study	Erosional scarp and loess cover eroded off of high bench
16	45 37' 44"	120 56' 45"	305	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp in loess and colluvium
17	45 38' 22"	120 03' 00"	334	Divide not crossed	This study	
18	45 40' 00"	120 03' 10"	305	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp in loess and colluvium
19	45 37' 50"	121 15' 50"	282	Erratic	Piper (1932 p.128)	Angular fragments of granitic rocks on north slope of northern fork of Chenoweth Creek
20	45 39' 27"	121 13' 34"	293	Erosional trim line	This Study	Prominent line on Seven Mile Hill near Crates Point. Also eroded bedrock notch at 268±12m and a granitic erratic at 286±12m
21	45 40' 30"	121 18' 25"	280	Erosional trim lines	This study	Scarp dividing residual soil and scabland
22	45 43' 10"	121 18' 30"	305	Divide not crossed	Allison (1933, p. 709)	
23	45 43' 12"	121 22' 25"	293	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp dividing residual soil and scabland
24	45 42' 36"	121 23' 45"	293	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp dividing residual soil and scabland
25	45 40' 52"	121 25' 45"	283	Erosional trim line	This study	Scarp dividing residual soil and scabland
26	45 38' 29"	121 29' 47"	232	Erratic	This study	Hood River Valley, intersection of Wells Drive and Mountain Road
27	45 39' 15"	121 30' 12"	250	Erratic	Bretz (1919)	Hood River Valley; altitude modified from Allison (1933, p. 713)
28	45 43' 50"	121 37' 40"	274	Flooded area	This study	Basalt stripped of loess and soil cover
29	45 42' 15"	121 42' 40"	267	Flooded area	Allen et al., (1986)	Bedrock erosion
30	45 34' 30"	122 13' 00"	201	Crossed divide	Allen et al., (1986, p. 165)	Spillways into the Washougal River valley
31	45 32' 20"	122 14' 35"	229	Non-flooded area	This study	Preserved residual soils on slopes above Crown Point
32	45 40' 00"	122 23' 00"	137	Divide not crossed	Bretz (1928)	
33	45 46' 40"	122 25' 00"	114	Gravel bar	Trimble (1963)	Portland basin
34	45 31' 50"	122 32' 30"	91	Gravel Bar	Bretz (1969)	Portland basin
35	N.D.	N.D.	120	Erratics	Allison (1935, 1978)	Maximum elevation of erratics in Portland Basin and Willamette Valley

Notes: Precise location information not available for erratics in Willamette valley. Altitudes determined by mapping on 1:24,000 topographic maps and have an uncertainty of about ±6m

TABLE DR2. SITES OF STRATIGRAPHIC OBSERVATIONS FOR MISSOULA FLOOD DEPOSITS IN THE COLUMBIA VALLEY BETWEEN ARLINGTON AND HOOD RIVER, OREGON.

Site label (Fig. 1b)	Locality	Latitude (degrees north)	Longitude (degrees west)	Altitude* (meters above sea level)	Feature type	Number of floods inferred from exposed units <sup>†</sup>	Computed discharge <sup>§</sup> (10 <sup>6</sup> m <sup>3</sup> /sec)	Youngest radiocarbon age <sup>#</sup> ( <sup>14</sup> C yr B.P.)	Comments
A	Mosier	45 40' 36"	121 24' 54"	110-185	Eddy bar	1	4	14,795 ∓ 150	Exposure extensive but incomplete.
B	Mosier	45 40' 54"	121 22' 53"	135/ 60-135	Divide crossing/ delta bar	7	2	13,695 ∓ 95	Exposure extensive but incomplete
C	Lyle	45 42' 48"	121 17' 45"	150-215	High eddy bar	1	5.5	23,000 +520/-490	Exposure very limited
D	Lyle	45 42' 28"	121 17' 40"	145-185	Inset eddy bar	8	4.5	>42,600	Exposure extensive but incomplete
E	Petersburg	45 37' 08"	121 04' 21"	180/ 110-170	Divide crossing/ delta bar	9	3	14,480 ∓ 145	Exposure extensive but incomplete
F	Fairbanks	45 37' 28"	121 00' 14"	250/ 145-210	Divide crossing/ delta bar	1	5	>43,600	Exposure incomplete
G	Deschutes River mouth	45 37' 52"	120 54' 50"	60-150	Eddy bar	7	2		Exposure extensive but incomplete
H	Maryhill	45 42' 00"	120 48' 00"	230-255	Tractive bar	6	6.5	32,630 ∓ 610	Exposure extensive but incomplete
I	Helm Canyon	45 42' 30"	120 40' 30"	150-215	Eddy bar	4	4		Exposure incomplete
J	Philippi Canyon	45 40' 20"	120 30' 57"	240/ 85-225	Divide crossing/ delta bar	1	4.5	19,015 ∓ 165	No exposure of the delta bar, but small exposure of small flanking eddy bar. Radiocarbon date from colluvium underneath flood deposits
K	McDonald Ford	45 35' 58"	120 24' 30"	295/ 130-195	Divide crossing/ delta bar	1	7		Exposure very limited
L	Alkali Canyon	45 45' 10"	120 10' 00"	240/ 180-210	Outflow channel/ delta bar	2	3.5		Exposure incomplete
M	Arlington	45 42' 55"	120 09' 30"	275 245-255	Streamlined loess hill/ pendant bar	6-7	5-6		Exposure complete, described by Baker and Bunker (1985)
N	South of Arlington	45 39' 40"	120 07' 35"	217(?) -220	Rhythmites	6-7	3.5		Exposure extensive but incomplete
O	South of Arlington	45 38' 23"	120 10' 00"	200(?) -205	Rhythmites	15	3.5		Exposure extensive but incomplete
P	South of Arlington	45 42' 02"	120 10' 25"	130(?) -135	Rhythmites	10	1		Exposure extensive but incomplete
Q	John Day River Valley	45 33' 02"	120 23' 20"	140(?) -145	Rhythmites	10	1.5		Exposure extensive but incomplete
R	East of The Dalles	45 36' 18"	121 01' 41"	295	Granitic erratic	1	8		Exposure complete

\*Altitudes given for divide crossings indicate the present low point of the divide. Altitude ranges given for deposits encompass the approximate bottom to top of deposit and is from exposure or local geomorphic relations. Base of rhythmite sections not known.

<sup>†</sup>Where the top or bottom of the deposit is not exposed, estimate is a minimum one.

<sup>§</sup>The discharge is the minimum calculated flow necessary to emplace the deposits. For the delta bars, the discharge is that necessary for flow to overtop the divide between the Columbia River Valley and the area of deposition. For other types of deposits, the calculated discharge is that required to inundate the location of the deposits. For site M, the discharge range reflects uncertainty as to whether flow depositing the bar overtopped the streamlined loess hill upstream.

<sup>#</sup>The youngest radiocarbon date obtained from the site.

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